Bicycle Helmets

Some doubts

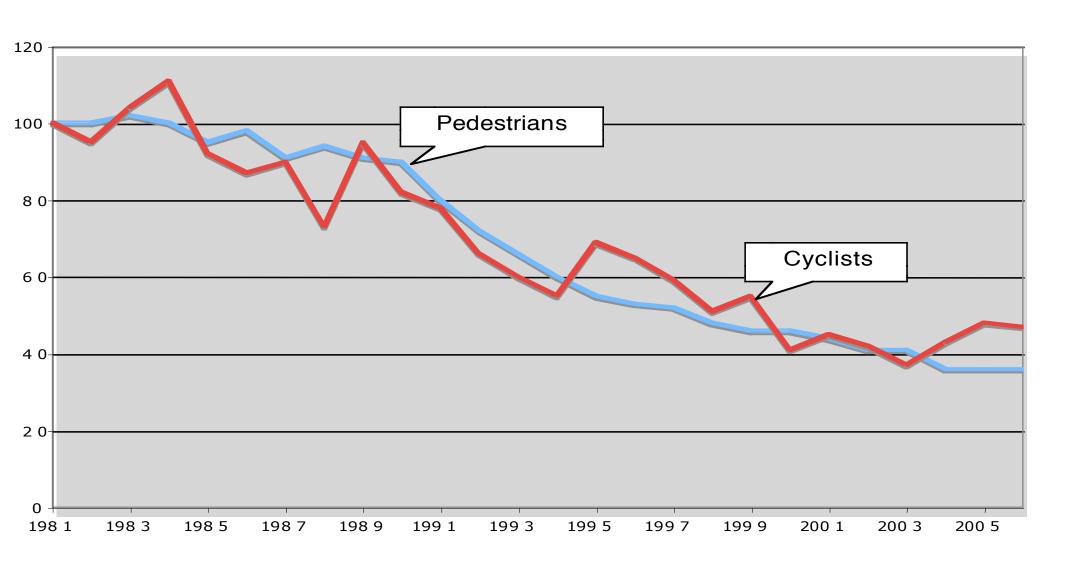
Themes to be explored

- Cycling is low risk and healthy
- Enforced helmet laws reduce cycling
- The evidence about how effective helmets are is contradictory

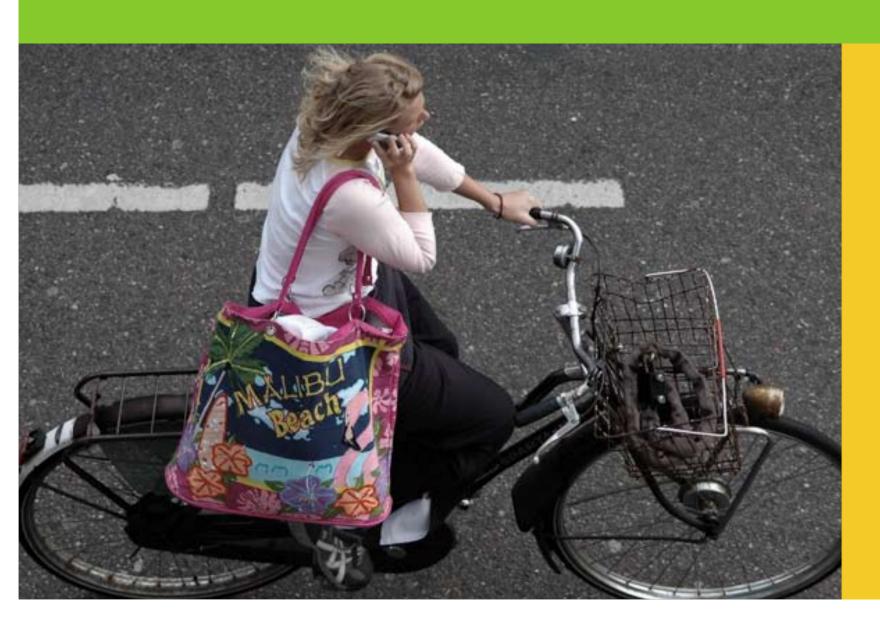
Cycling is low risk



Trends in cyclist casualties



How risky is cycling?



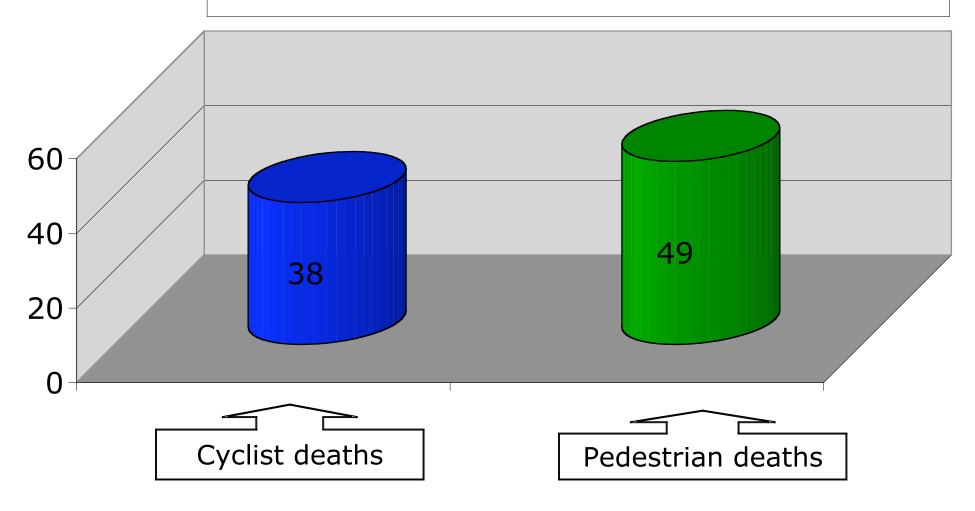
How cycling compares

Activity	Deaths /million hours
Motorcycling on roads	8.80
Scuba diving	1.98
Swimming	1.07
Snowmobiling	0.88
Passenger Cars	0.47
Water skiing	0.28
Bicycling	0.26
Flying (scheduled domestic)	0.15
Hunting	0.08
Traveling in a school bus	0.02
Being at home (inc. sleeping)	0.01

Data from Failure Analysis Associates, Inc (now Exponent Inc), 1993, US figures.

Walking vs Cycling

Deaths per billion KM travelled, 1995-2004 averages

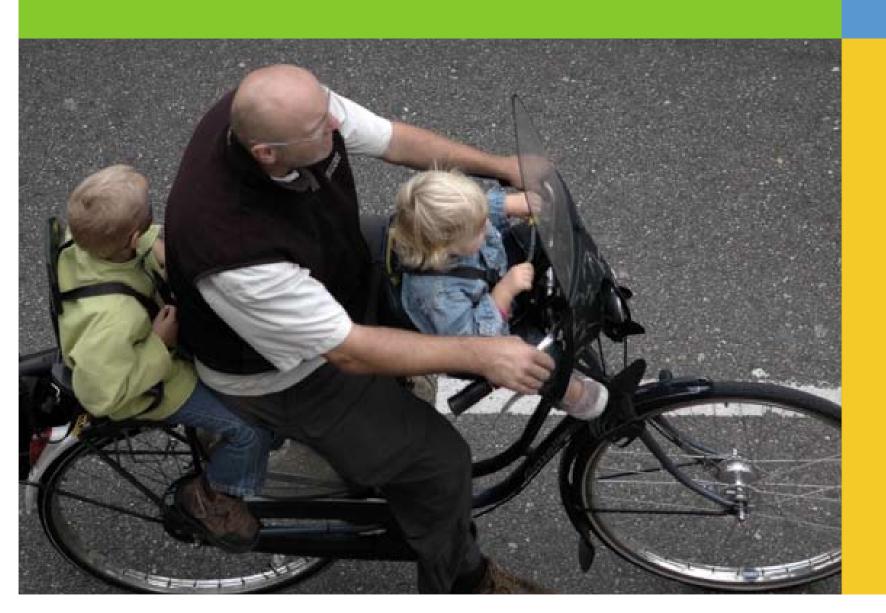


Source: Road Casualties of Great Britain 2005. Table 52, p130.

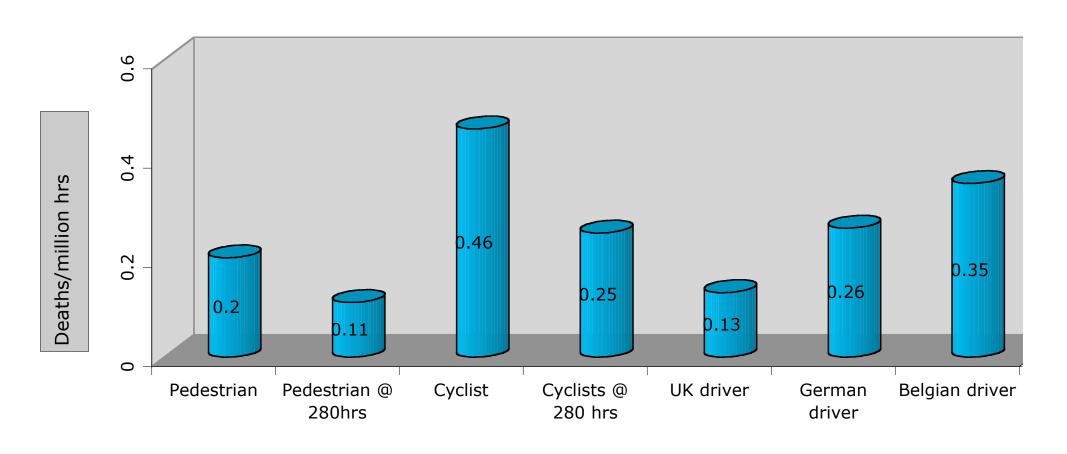
When hurt, Cyclists are not more likely to suffer a head injury

- Cyclists make up 6.5% of serious head injuries
- When treated in hospital 38% of cyclists have head injuries. The figure for pedestrians is 44%, for all injuries 34%

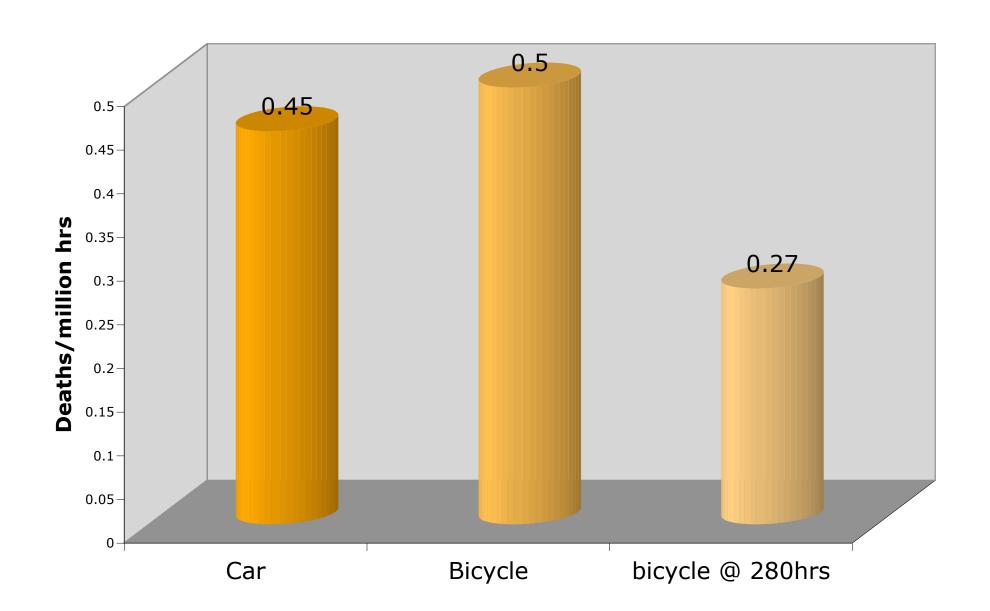
Too dangerous?



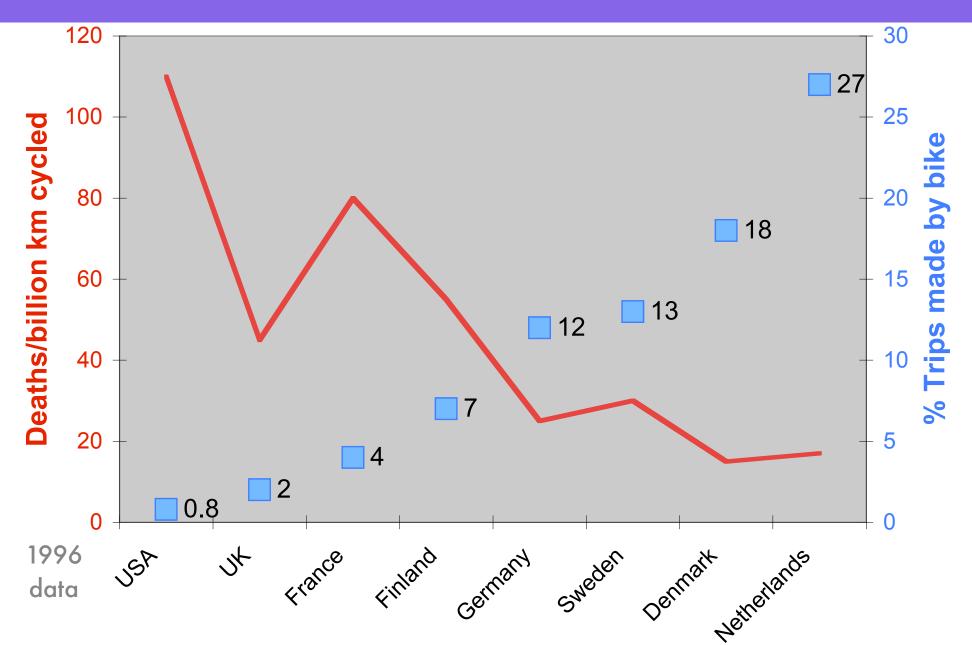
Risk per hour comparisons



Comparison of Total Risk

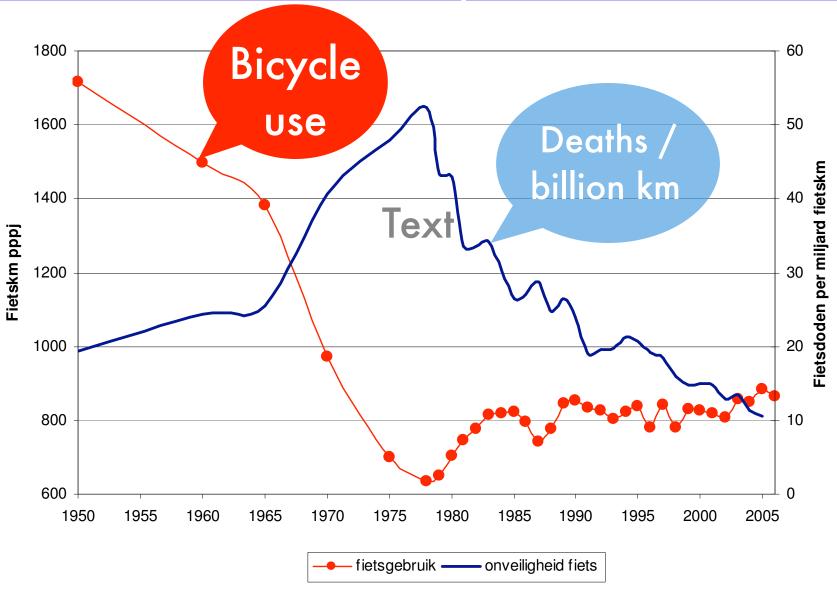


More cycling=Safer cycling



More cycling=safer cycling

The Dutch experience



Helmet wearing and cyclist death rates: International comparisons

